

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in this west.

The Frankfort Commonwealth.
A. G. HODGES & CO., PROPRIETORS.
J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

The Proprietors of the Commonwealth, grateful for the generous patronage which has been bestowed upon them, are determined to furnish their patrons a journal which shall be unexcelled in any of the departments which comprise a first class newspaper.

Published at the Capital of the State, it will be enabled to furnish its readers with the latest intelligence of the actions of the higher courts and of the various departments of the State. It will also contain the latest telegraphic news of stirring events, and also of the New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans markets.

In politics the Commonwealth will be conservative, occupying a middle and antagonistic ground in reference to the two extremes. The old party broken up, and old issues virtually dead, the vital question at present is Union or disunion. The Commonwealth is for the Union, believing it to be the greatest safeguard for our rights, as well as our most effective auxiliary in our efforts to obtain redress for our wrongs. Its conductors do not regard disunion as a remedy for any of the wrongs of the South, but rather an aggravation. It will contend for the equality of the States in the Union, and for the absolute non-interference by Congress with the domestic affairs of the States and Territories.

We shall aim to make the Commonwealth an acceptable and appropriate bedside companion. It will contain selections from the choicest literature of the day, prose, poetry, &c.

The Weekly will be printed on extra double medium paper, in new and beautiful type.
Terms, in advance, for the Tri-Weekly, \$4 per annum.
Terms, for the Weekly \$2 per annum.

SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

PRINTED BILL HEADS.

THE
COMMONWEALTH OFFICE
JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,
FOR SALE
AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.

MONROE & HARRIS'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.
2 vols. Price \$10 00
REVISED STATUTES OF KENTUCKY.
1 vol. Price 5 00
DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION.
1 vol. Price 3 00
GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by JOHN C. HARRIS.
1 vol. Price 3 00
THE GENERAL ACTS OF Session 1855-6.
Pamphlet form. Price 1 00
LONGFORD'S DIGEST OF THE STATUTES.
1 vol. Price 3 00

BLANKS.

BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CONSTABLE'S SALE NOTICES, REPLEVIN BONDS, &c.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
SHERIFF'S REPLEVIN BONDS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
CIRCUIT CLERK'S EXECUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
PLANK CHURCHES, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort, and Farmers Bank of Kentucky.
Price—75 cts. per quire.
BLANK DEEDS. Price—\$1 per quire.

Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be paid on the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

We are prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work, in the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

LAWYER'S BRIEFS

Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

BLANKS.

Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

PRATHER & SMITH,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS
AND LADIES FURS.
429 Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Oct. 21, 1860-w.t.w.t.

LAW NOTICE.
JAMES B. CLAY. THOS. B. MONROE, JR.

CLAY & MONROE.
WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.
Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe, Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.
April 9, 1860-w.t.w.t.

LYSANDER HORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.
Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

G. W. CRADDOCK. CHARLES F. CRADDOCK.
CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.
Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Jan. 5, 1858-tf.

J. W. FINNELL. V. T. CHAMBERS.

FINNELL & CHAMBERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE—West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth

COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

February 22, 1860-tf.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in

Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.

Jan. 3, 1859-tf.

JOHN RODMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frank-

fort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.

[Oct. 23, 1863.]

J. H. KINKEAD,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of

Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Office on stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.

May 6, 1857-tf.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. J. G. KEENON.

HAVING permanently located in Frankfort,

tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.

Office on Main street, in Mansion House,

2nd door from corner. [Aug. 29, 1860-tf.]

DENTAL SURGERY.

BY **E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.**

His operations on the Teeth will be directed

by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.

Office at his residence on Main street.

Frankfort, May 27, 1863.

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO MORTON & GRISWOLD.)

Booksellers, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job

Printers, Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

HAVE constantly on hand a complete assort-

ment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.

Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied at a small advance on cost. Wholesale or Retail.

[July 13, 1860-by.]

H. SAMUEL,

CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT,

Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

If you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved,

or your Head Shampooed, go to H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

Feb. 8, 1860.

COVE MILL FOR SALE.

SITUATED 14 miles North of Frankfort, on the

Owanton turnpike road. For particulars apply to

R. C. STEELE, Frankfort Ky.

Telegraph Office Removed.

THE Telegraph Office in this city has been re-

moved to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad depot. All

persons having business with the office will please notice this change.

Jan. 7, 1861. T. C. KYTE, Agent.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST and best assortment of CIGARS and TOBACCO ever brought to this city. A box of fine cigars makes a handsome Christmas or New Year's gift. Call and get them at [dec21] GRAY & TODD'S.

SIMPSON & SCOTT,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same

heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON AND JOHN L. SCOTT

will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at

Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully

refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or

more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would refer to the persons

heretofore referred to by him in his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Building.

Jan. 1, 1861-w.t.w.t.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD has opened a

school for boys, in the Mansion House, on Main street. Having had several years' experience

in teaching, she feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who may send to her. She teaches

Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, and Latin commenced.

Terms, per session of Twenty Weeks, - \$15

mar8 twt.

WINE, LIQUORS, &c.

OF EVERY VARIETY, vintage, name, and

quality, for sale at

dec21 GRAY & TODD'S.

JOHN W. VOORHIS,

Merchant Tailor,

SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET,

Opposite Gray & Todd's Grocery Store,

FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS just received his large and extensive stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, of

the best quality, and of the latest styles and patterns.

He also has on hand a large assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

And everything necessary for furnishing a gentleman's

entire wardrobe.

His work warranted to be as well done, and in

as good style, as at any other establishment in the

Western part of the State.

No FIT NO SALE. Frankfort, Oct. 5, 1860-tf.

HARDIN'S GALLERY OF ART.

Corner St. Clair and Main Streets,

(Entrance on St. Clair, opposite the Mansion House),

Frankfort, Kentucky.

HAVING opened a Gallery, the undersigned

respectfully informs the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, that he is prepared to take pictures

in the best style. Having a superior Camera, he thinks he can please those who may favor him with their patronage.

AMBIOTYPES, MELANOTYPES, PHOTO-

GRAPHIC, &c.

of sizes and in cases to suit the tastes of all,

taken in the highest style of the art, and on moderate terms.

He invites those who wish to get their

likenesses taken, to call and see specimens of his work. Satisfaction will be given or no charge

made. W. H. H. HARDIN.

April 13, 1860-w.t.w.t.

THE PARTNERSHIP

WHICH has existed for many years past be-

tween the undersigned and C. G. Graham, under the style of "C. G. Graham," in the Live-

Stable on Ann street, in Frankfort, and in other property, real and personal, having been dissolved

by the death of Mr. Graham, I hereby give notice to all concerned, that as surviving partner I will

close the unsettled business of said late firm. All persons indebted to it are requested to make im-

mediate payment, so that I may be enabled to pay the outstanding debts against it.

Frankfort, dec4 tf. THO. S. PAGE.

First of the Season!

Spring Styles Black and Col-

ored Soft Hats!

AT KERNONS & GIBBONS.

Entirely new, very neat, light, and

well adapted for the season. [mar] KERNON & GIBBONS.

CAUTION TO DEBTORS.

FROM information received since the death of

my late partner, C. G. Graham, I believe there are numerous outstanding debts due to the

late firm, for which notes were given payable to "C. G. Graham" (which was the style of the firm), but which have not come into my possession as

surviving partner. I therefore warn all persons thus indebted not to make payment to any person

other than myself or my authorized agent. If they do, they will act in their wrong, and may be

compelled to pay again to the surviving partner, who alone is authorized to collect said debts.

Frankfort, Jan. 2, 1861-w.t.w.t. THO. S. PAGE.

Kentucky River Coal.

I HAVE just received a fresh supply of the

BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a large lot of

CANNEL, Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest

market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying

to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort.

Feb. 2, 1861-w.t.w.t. S. BLACK.

The Thoroughbred Young Horse,

JAPHET,

THE winner of seven first prizes in the

rings for thoroughbred horses, at the Lexington, Louisville, Shelbyville, and Eminence Fairs—two of them being State Fairs—will be permitted to serve mares at \$15 the season, with the privilege of returning the next year a mare not proving to be in foal.

The blood of Japhet is of the most distinguished strain, uniting from his immediate ancestors the blood of Sir Archie, Medow, Imported Bedford, Blondest, and Medley, and tracing through both sire and dam to the best blood of England, and having in a few lines of descent 17 distinct crosses of the celebrated Godolphin Arabian.

For particulars see bills and apply to the subscriber, six miles from Frankfort, on the George town pike. WILLIAM J. LEWIS.

mar15 w.t.w.t.

For Sale.

A Negro Woman, a New Carriage, and

Jacks and Jennets.

I WISH to sell at private sale a valuable NE-

GRO WOMAN, about 28 or 30 years old—

sound and healthy; a fine NEW CARRIAGE,

which was made in Salem, Ohio, and has never been used; FIVE JACKS, and 4 years old next

spring, and the others younger; and FIFTEEN

JENNETS, of different ages.

Good bargains will be given.

mar30 w.t.w.t. L. W. MACEY.

CRANBERRIES

ONE barrel fresh Cranberries just received and

for sale by [dec26] GRAY & TODD.

W. H. KEENE,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer and Dealer in all

kinds of foreign and domestic Liquors.

Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Old Bourbon Whisky.

A well selected stock of old and new Bourbon

Whisky—none better.

Cigars.

Just received, a supply of those celebrated

"Figues" and "Compania."

Garden Seeds.

A full assortment of Pitkin, Ward & Co.'s cele-

brated garden seeds constantly on hand during

the season.

Groceries.

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in

the grocery line of the best quality and at fair

prices.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, May 8, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. L. T. Lacy, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read by the Clerk.

The SPEAKER announced the following Standing committees, viz:

On the Judiciary—Messrs. Cissell, Andrews, Bruner, Simpson, and Rousseau.

On the Court of Appeals—Messrs. Read, Gillis, Chambers, Walker, and Rhea.

On Circuit Courts—Messrs. Whitaker, Darnaby, Reel, Jenkins, and Haycraft.

On County Courts—Messrs. McBrayer, Alexander, Prall, Rhea, and Rust.

On the Department of Agriculture—Messrs. Grady, Haycraft, Alexander, Anthony, and Grover.

On Religion—Messrs. Wait, Whitaker, Irvin, Haycraft, and Davidson.

On Internal Improvement—Messrs. Taylor, Davidson, Simpson, Chambers, and Walton.

On Privileges and Elections—Messrs. Irvin, Barrick, McBrayer, Wait, and Denny.

On Finance—Messrs. Delaven, Read, Grover, Alexander, and Barrick.

On Education—Messrs. Barrick, Cosby, Fisk, Gillis, and Wait.

On the Department of War—Messrs. Darnaby, Gibson, Rousseau, Cosby, and Irvin.

On Military Affairs—Messrs. Andrews, Jenkins, Pennekaker, Irvin, and Grady.

On Agriculture and Manufactures—Messrs. Glenn, McBrayer, Anthony, Grady, and Denny.

On Mining and Metallurgy—Messrs. Bruner, Darnaby, and Walker.

On Federal Relations—Messrs. Prall, Cissell, Simpson, Rhea, and Rust.

On Executive Affairs—Messrs. Walton, Boles, Johnson, Denny, and Cosby.

On Public Buildings—Messrs. Anthony, Cosby, Glenn, Bruner, and Gibson.

On Revised Statutes—Messrs. Fisk, Taylor, Grover, Pennekaker, and Marshall.

On the Code of Practice—Messrs. Grover, Taylor, Fisk, Jenkins, and Walker.

On Geological Survey—Messrs. Rust, Jenkins, Walton, McBrayer, and Davidson.

On Enrollments—Messrs. Gillis, Barrick, and Glenn.

On the Library—Messrs. Alexander, Boles, and Prall.

On Banks—Messrs. Johnson and Bruner.

On Public Offices—Messrs. Gibson and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Interior—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Navy—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Army—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Land—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Air—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Water—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Fire—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Earth—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sky—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

On the Department of the Sea—Messrs. Johnson, Bruner, and Rousseau.

in a bill authorizing the organization and enrollment of companies of Home Guard.

Some discussion ensued on the resolution, in which the views of a number of gentlemen in relation to organizing companies, and arming the State strictly for State defense, were given.

Mr. WALKER moved to amend by striking out "instruct," and insert "inquire into the expediency," adopted.

And the resolution as amended was then adopted.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

A message from the H. R. was received by the Assistant Clerk, announcing the passage of several bills, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS

Was granted as follows, and appropriately referred, viz:

Mr. ROUSSEAU—A bill to authorize the appointment of a deputy constable in a certain district.

Mr. COSBY—A bill for the benefit of school district No. 10, in McLean county.

Mr. GILLIS—A bill to change a voting place in Whitley county.

Mr. GLENN—A bill to amend the Revised Statutes.

Mr. PENNEBAKER—A bill to amend the four inspection laws of Louisville.

Mr. TAYLOR—A bill to charter the town of Lewisburg.

H. R. BILLS.

The H. R. bills were taken up out of the orders of the day, viz:

An act for the benefit of the Kentucky Agricultural and Mechanical Association.

Mr. GROVER moved that the bill be laid on the table: negative—yeas 16; nays 19.

The bill was then referred to committee on Agriculture.

An act to amend the charter of the Southern College of Kentucky: referred to the committee on Education.

An act to amend the charter of Bowling-green: referred to Judiciary committee.

An act to amend the charter of Russellville: passed.

An act declaring Eagle creek a navigable stream: passed.

RESOLUTION

Mr. WALTON offered a resolution to instruct the Military committee to inquire into the expediency of bringing in a bill to arm the State: adopted.

BILL REPORTED

Mr. BRUNER—A bill to amend the charter of the Harrodsburg and Cloverport turnpike road company: passed.

LEAVE TO BRING IN A BILL

Mr. TAYLOR—A bill to regulate proceedings in equity courts in this Commonwealth: referred to equity courts in Revised Statutes.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, May 8, 1861.

The Journal of yesterday was read.

MEMORIALS FROM LADIES

Were presented by Messrs. CARLISLE, CLAY, (2), LACKEY, ABELL, (2), FORMAN, GOODLOE, and LUTTRELL, praying that Kentucky may be permitted to maintain an armed neutrality: referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

PETITIONS

Were presented by Messrs. MERIWETHER, LYNE, and ABELL, and appropriately referred.

BILLS PRESENTED

Mr. ABELL—A bill to amend the charter of the Harrodsburg and Cornishville turnpike company: passed.

Mr. WOLFE—A bill relating to general assignments for the benefit of creditors: referred to Judiciary committee.

MILITARY COMMITTEE

Messrs. UNDERWOOD, CLAY, GEIGER, and LANNOM, were added to the committee on Military Affairs.

RESOLUTION

Mr. COLEMAN offered a resolution inviting the ministers of the gospel in Frankfort to open the House with prayer, which was adopted.

BILLS PRESENTED

Mr. BROWN—A bill to incorporate the Hopkinsville oil and mining company: referred to the committee on Corporations.

Mr. RODMAN—A bill to establish a Work-house in the town of Frankfort: passed.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Mr. RODMAN offered the following joint resolutions, viz:

Considering the deplorable condition of the country, and for which the State of Kentucky is in no way responsible, and looking to the best means to preserve the internal peace, and to secure the lives, liberty and property of the citizens of the State—therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That this State, and its citizens thereof, should take no part in the civil war now being waged, except as mediators and friends to the belligerent parties, and that Kentucky should, during the contest, occupy the position of strict neutrality.

Resolved further, That the act of the Governor, in refusing to furnish troops, or military force upon the call of the Executive of the United States, under existing circumstances, is approved.

Lies one day on the table.

RESOLUTION

Mr. GEIGER offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That we most cordially approve the course of Gov. B. Magoffin, in refusing to comply with the recent requisition of the Federal Government for troops to invade the Southern States.

Mr. BUCKNER moved to postpone the further consideration of the resolution until to-morrow.

The yeas and nays were demanded, but before the vote was announced,

Mr. FORMAN asked leave to vote: adopted—yeas 79; nays 9.

The motion to postpone was then rejected: yeas 45; nays 45.

Mr. UNDERWOOD offered the resolutions presented by Mr. RODMAN as a substitute for Mr. GEIGER'S resolution.

Mr. GAITHER offered the following amendment to the substitute, viz:

But we further recognize the right of a lawful majority of the sovereign voters of this Commonwealth to decide upon the position which we assume in relation to the preservation of their rights as freemen; and if a legal majority of said voters determine to maintain Southern rights and oppose abolitionism, we acknowledge their right to do so, either by resuming their original sovereignty or acting in any other manner legal and proper.

On motion, the whole subject was postponed until to-morrow, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. WOLFE offered the following resolution, viz:

The Governor having informed the Legislature, in his message, that he had appointed agents to purchase arms for the defense of the State, and that some of these agents were partially successful; and having further informed us that he had applied to the Banks of the State for temporary loans, and that the Southern Bank of Kentucky had placed to his official credit \$50,000, the Bank

of Louisville and the Commercial Bank each \$10,000; and it being desirable for the Legislature to know what agents have been employed, and what number of arms have been purchased, and the disposition which has been made of the same—be it therefore,

Resolved, That His Excellency, the Governor, be and he is hereby requested to communicate to this House the names of the agents that have been appointed by him to purchase arms, the amount expended in the purchase thereof, the character of the arms so purchased, and the number thereof, and whether the arms have been received by him, and the disposition which he has made of the same.

Mr. CLARY moved to refer the resolution to the committee on Military Affairs: rejected—yeas 39; nays 51.

Mr. MACHEN offered an amendment: Provided, that said information be not incompatible with the interest of the State: rejected—yeas 39; nays 50.

The resolution was then adopted—yeas 76; nays 7.

BILLS PRESENTED

Mr. RODMAN—A bill to amend the charter of Frankfort, referred to the committee on Corporations.

Mr. CLARY—A bill to authorize the Harrison county court to purchase arms and munitions of war: referred to Judiciary committee.

Mr. LANNOM—A bill in relation to Moscow Seminary, in Hickman county: passed.

Mr. LACKEY—A bill to amend the charter of the Stanford and Hall's Gap turnpike company: passed.

Saupe—A bill to amend the charter of the Knob Lick turnpike company: passed.

Mr. MACHEN—A bill to suspend certain courts in Caldwell and Lyon counties: referred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. BURNAM—A bill to incorporate the town of Maxville: passed.

Mr. GUDGELL—A bill to change the line between the Wyoming and Bethel precincts, in Bath county: passed.

Mr. J. W. WHITE—A bill to change the line of a voting precinct in Montgomery county: passed.

Mr. TERRY—A bill to amend the law in relation to foreign executors and administrators: referred to Judiciary committee.

Mr. McELROY—A bill to postpone the holding of courts for the trial of civil causes until the 1st of January, 1862: referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. MACHEN offered a resolution requesting the Inspector General to furnish to the Legislature his estimates for arming and equipping the State: adopted.

And then the House adjourned.

A Voice from Kenton.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Kenton county, Ky., held at the Court House in Independence, on the 4th of May, 1861, (it being the day of the election,) John J. Swetman was called to the Chair, and Geo. A. Yates appointed Secretary.

The Chairman stated, in an able and eloquent speech, that the object of the meeting was to express our views upon the condition of our national affairs, and to memorialize the Legislature, and our immediate representatives, on the questions of secession, and the proposition to arm the State.

On motion of Dr. A. H. John, a committee of five was appointed to draft and report resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

The Chairman appointed on said committee Dr. A. H. John, L. Shaw, Caleb Rice, Thomas A. Wilson, and Thomas Stephens, Jr.

The committee retired to draft the resolutions, and while absent the meeting was addressed briefly by Geo. A. Yates, he having been called upon.

The committee, through their Chairman, Dr. A. H. John, reported the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, The Governor of Kentucky has called for the militia for a period of thirty days, to meet on the 6th of May, 1861, and in view of the present condition of our national affairs, we, the people of Kenton county, in mass meeting assembled, for the purpose of making known our views to our immediate representatives, and to the people of the State and nation, do proclaim and publish the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That we are opposed to any act of the Legislature that tends, in any manner, toward secession—believing that an ordinance of secession, passed either by the Legislature or a "sovereign convention," would be unconstitutional, with reference to the Constitution of the United States, and that of the State of Kentucky.

2. That whilst we claim to be, as we ever have been, true and loyal citizens of the State of Kentucky, obedient to her laws, and all demands which have been made, or may be made, upon us in accordance therewith, we at the same time, hold ourselves as loyal citizens of the United States, and will forever maintain our allegiance to the same, "peaceably if we can, forcibly if we must."

3. That we owe allegiance to no power above the Constitution of the United States, and as citizens of Kentucky, we will stand in the day of our country, and resist all attempts, without peaceably or forcibly, to destroy our Union with the General Government.

4. That, upon mature reflection, we sincerely believe it is dangerous and inexpedient to arm the State, and that it is appropriate for that purpose to be left to the Legislature, or for that purpose to be left to the Executive of the United States, has always been approved by the General Government, we have no reason to apprehend danger from that quarter, but more from secret enemies in our midst, in whose hands is most of the arms now in the State.

5. That we have abundant evidence that many of the soldiers denominated "the State Guard," in our county and vicinity, are secessionists, and, instead of supporting our fidelity to the Union and the Constitution, would make themselves armed enemies to us; and we earnestly hope that the Government will stand in the day of our country, and resist all attempts, without peaceably or forcibly, to destroy our Union with the General Government.

6. That this meeting respectfully submits to the Governor of this State, the necessity and duty of disbanding all military companies under his control, whose object is to leave the State for the purpose of assisting the disunionists of the South, or co-operating with them on the soil of Kentucky.

7. That the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to our representatives, and copies sent to the Cincinnati Enquirer, Louisville Journal, Louisville Democrat, and Frankfort Commonwealth, and that all the Union papers in the State be requested to copy the same.

Geo. A. Yates moved that the resolutions, as read, be adopted, without the dotting of an i or the crossing of a t to the contrary: whereupon, they were unanimously adopted.

The following resolution was also unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Resolved, That we have witnessed to day, with regret, in the conduct of five members of the "State Guard," from the vicinity of Florence, Ky., in the eyes of a majority of the people of this county, an utter contempt for the American flag, which floats from nearly every house in our town.

The meeting was then ably and eloquently addressed by Lafayette Shaw, Esq.; after which it adjourned, with three cheers for the Union.

JOHN J. SWETMAN, Chairman.

Geo. A. Yates, Secretary.

TELEGRAPHIC.

St. Louis, May 7.

The Union Home Guards of the first and second wards, numbering 1,500, were sworn into the volunteer service of the United States to-day. Companies from other wards will be sworn in during the week. These men are allowed to remain with their families and follow their usual avocations, but will be required to do guard duty one day in each week. Capt. Lyon has orders to receive 10,000 volunteers. He has already upwards of 5,000 mustered into the service and the Home Guard of this city will complete and perhaps exceed the complement.

Nashville, May 7.

The proceedings of the Tennessee Legislature have just been made public.

The ordinance of secession and alliance with the Confederate States was passed, subject to a vote of the people on the 8th of June.

The military bill passed, calling for 55,000 volunteers, and appropriating \$2,000,000 unconditionally, and \$3,000,000 conditionally.

Fredricksburg, Md., May 7.

The Stars and Stripes are waving in all directions. Two secessionists have been arrested for cheering for Jeff. Davis.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 6.

Three hundred cavalry, well mounted, left Carlisle Barracks, this morning for New York. It is said they go through Baltimore.

Baltimore, May 6.

Gentlemen from Frederick and Frederickburg say that Gov. Letcher will soon issue an order for an evacuation of Harper's Ferry by troops now rendezvousing there.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:

SOMERSET, Ky., April 30, 1861.

GENTLEMEN: In a public discussion at this place yesterday, A. G. Talbot announced that as an American citizen, still belonging to the Union, "he justified the assault upon Fort Sumpter, and exulted in the fall and degradation of our national flag." I give his words. Hoskins replied to his speech with an overwhelming effect. When he reached that part of Talbot's declaration in regard to the degradation of our flag, such withering denunciations from Hoskins, and shouts from the audience, have seldom been heard in this land. Talbot looked worse than the meanest convict in the State Penitentiary.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. B. JOHNSON, Editor.

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1861.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress:
JOHN J. CRITTENDEN.

DAILY SESSION COMMONWEALTH.

TERMS.—FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

If any person should pay for a longer time than the session continues, the *Commonwealth* will be sent long enough to make it up.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH is published at FOUR DOLLARS per year, or FORTY CENTS per month.

The WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH is Two DOLLARS per year.

The DAILY COMMONWEALTH can be had at the counting-room at FIVE CENTS per single copy, or at THREE DOLLARS per hundred. Orders should be left at the office, or with the reporters, on the day before the publication of the particular number of the paper which is wanted.

"THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE."—The precipitators have been shedding tears over the "stifled voice of the people" for many weeks. They had a chance to hear from the people last Saturday, and what did they do? They withdrew their secession ticket from the field, and in many localities industriously circulated the falsehood that no election would be had. In some parts of Southern Kentucky no poll books were opened. But notwithstanding all these disadvantages the present indications are that the Union ticket received forty thousand majority of all the votes in Kentucky.

We commend this small voice to the attention of the secessionists of Kentucky. If that don't satisfy them nothing will. The fatal error which seems to grow to them is the false estimate which they place upon their own greatness, influence, and numbers. It is, perhaps, expecting too much to hope they will learn wisdom from "the logic of passing events," but instinct ought to protect them from the ridiculous position now occupied by them.

The Governor, in his message, speaks of the desires of the people of Kentucky, and wishes to call a Convention for the purpose of ascertaining the popular will. He says that this legislature, as well as himself, were elected two years ago, and cannot be expected to know the sentiments of the people upon topics which did not enter into that election. This is all true and plausible, but the voters of Kentucky have just spoken at the polls, and upon this very question—Union or Disunion. Why is the Governor not willing to accept the popular verdict? If he will not, let him resign his office and go before the people for a re-election. It is only about two months until the August election. If the citizens of Kentucky approve his official course, it will be an easy matter to re-elect him. Let him resign and get a fresh commission from the people, whose will he is so anxious to carry out. Let him be elected with the new Legislature which is coming in in December. What do you say, Governor?

A SIGNIFICANT FACT.—Ever since these warring individuals, who are so anxious to "go out," have taken charge of other people's negroes, negro property has steadily decreased in value. So has every other species of property. In the meantime taxes have increased, but have not arrived at one-tenth of what they will be. All kinds of property will continue to decrease, and taxes will continue to increase—while secession is rampant—until the property of Kentucky will not be worth enough to pay the taxes which will be assessed upon it.

Tax-payers of Kentucky! how do you like the "rights" which the Secession party is securing for you?

HON. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE.—We understand that Mr. Breckinridge declared, on Tuesday night, in public, that he was for an united South, and opposed to electing members of Congress from Kentucky to the extra session of Congress. If such are the views of Mr. Breckinridge, he owes it to Kentucky and to himself to resign his office of United States Senator at once, and give the present Legislature an opportunity of electing an *United States Senator* to represent Kentucky in Congress.

BANK SUSPENSION.—Senator Rhea yesterday obtained leave to bring in a bill legalizing the suspension of specie payment by our banks. We regard this as a wise measure, and one calculated to give great relief to the citizens of Kentucky. As it is, every dollar of Kentucky money that can be obtained by brokers is returned to the banks for specie. Let them suspend, and this traffic will cease.

TODD AND CHRISTIAN.—We call the attention of Senator Glenn to the vote of his constituents—in Todd and Christian—last Saturday. We do so because we know him to be a great friend of the people, and always professes an ardent desire to consult their views upon all matters involving their interests. Only nine hundred and ten majority against secession in his district! Alas!

We have been informed by a reliable gentleman that John M. Rice, Esq., the talented representative from Pike, moved last March from the county he represents, and has been a citizen of Lawrence county ever since. How's that?

As an important typographical error occurred in the following paragraph in yesterday's paper, we republish it this morning corrected:

VIRGINIA VS. KENTUCKY.—It has been a generally received opinion that whenever the Ancient Dominion took snuff, Kentucky (her daughter) would most dutifully sneeze. That's an old fogy idea, and ought to be laid aside. Kentucky will never permit a rabid and fanatical minority to saddle her with secession, and bully her out of the Union as Virginia was saddled and bullied. Never, no, never. The Union men of Kentucky will not consent to being transferred to Jeff. Davis like so many chattels. Mind that. If any such attempt is made in this State, it will be the signal for civil war, and the Union men will rise in their might and crush out, and wipe out, the last vestige of secessionism in Kentucky. ON THAT THEY ARE DETERMINED. They have stood about as much as they can already. Better not crowd them too far.

[EXPLANATORY OF THE FOREGOING.]

We learn that the foregoing paragraph created great dissatisfaction among the secessionists hereabout. In fact we were informed in several instances that we had threatened the secessionists with mob law, with hanging and throat-cutting, and all that sort of thing. It will be perceived that we made no allusion to individuals, but that our remarks were confined to the doctrine of secession. We thought then, and we think now, that any policy, which, if carried out, will be followed by civil war, should be crushed out and wiped out. No one can deny that an act of secession at this time would be equivalent to a declaration of war, and that Kentucky would be transformed to a battle-field. No one can deny that in our present defenseless condition a war would be suicidal. Because we desire to crush out a policy which if successful would involve us in civil war, for which we are totally unprepared, we are trying to excite mobs forthwith.

This charge would be ridiculous enough, coming from any quarter, but from a bullying, blustering, threatening party as it does, it is not only ridiculous in the extreme, but is disgusting. Why, has not this little peaceful party, whose little feelings are so lacerated by the language above quoted, been threatening Union men ever since Breckinridge was nominated for President? To be sure they have, and should they succeed in their hellish design, not a Union man would be permitted to reside in Kentucky. Was there ever a spirit more intolerant and diabolical than this spirit of disunion, as exhibited in the seceded States, and as indicated in Kentucky? They can rip, and rave, and rant, and threaten to hang and shoot as much as they please. That's patriotism. But if a Union man raises his voice in defense of his wife and children, that's treason, and an attempt to excite a mob. Such is secession.

The Louisville Democrat uses these timely words of caution to the people of the State: "Union men of Kentucky, beware of sensation items and lawless acts at Cairo. A party, we have reason to believe, are gathering there to provoke a collision to affect Kentucky. It is altogether lawless on this side of the river—nothing but a mob. It is of no interest what takes place at Cairo. The object is to raise a nuisance, and telegraph it all over the State for secession purposes. If a mob, without authority, from this State, and contrary to her laws, get up a fight, it is their business, and theirs is the responsibility."

CAPT. JAMES S. JACKSON.—We are gratified to announce that "our Jim Jackson" is in town, looking as well as ever. Capt. Jackson is for the Union, and is the Union candidate for Congress in the second district. He has been doing noble service for the country in the third district. The election returns from that section will attest the fact. Beyond all doubt he will be elected to Congress by a larger vote than has ever yet been polled in his congressional district for one man. It is well.

The disunion politicians of Kentucky are now working for secession with the desperation of despair. They know it is their only chance for the future. The people of Kentucky have marked them, and filed them away for future reference. They will only be remembered by future generations as examples of what political tricksters can do towards desolating a happy country.

If they can induce Kentucky to secede, perhaps Jeff. Davis will drop them a crumb.

FARMER'S BANK.—At the annual election for Directors of the Bank, on Monday last, the following were elected: Philip Swigert, John H. Hanna, James Harlan, J. M. Lancaster, A. C. Keenon, E. H. Watson, James M. Todd. At a subsequent meeting of the Board, Philip Swigert was unanimously re-elected President.

It is reported that the Legislature of Tennessee has passed an ordinance of secession, without the agency of the popular voice through the medium of a Convention. We are not surprised at anything that occurs now a days, in the way of ignoring the people.

It is thought that the ditch digging Pillow will attack Cairo, from the Kentucky side of the river. The idea "is as soft as downy pillows are." If he should happen to "slip up" in his undertaking, it would be a new awkward style of Pillow-slip.

The Yeoman calls the Governor's message a "pregnant document." We trust in God that it is not. We have had enough of that sort.

ELECTION RETURNS.

FRANKLIN COUNTY COMPLETE.

BORDER STATE CONVENTION.

Precincts.	John J. Crittenden.	James Guthrie.	Refus K. Williams.	Archie Dixon.	Francis M. Drake.	Joshua F. Bell.
Court House,.....	167	164	164	164	164	164
State W. House,.....	202	199	199	199	199	199
Forks of Elk Horn,.....	73	73	73	73	73	73
Peak's Mill,.....	176	176	176	176	176	176
Bridgeport,.....	109	108	108	108	108	108
Bald Knob,.....	115	115	115	115	115	115
	812	835	835	834	836	835

Precincts.	Chas. A. Wickliffe.	Geo. W. Dunlap.	Chas. S. Morehead.	Jas. F. Robinson.	John B. Houston.	Robert Richardson.
Court House,.....	164	164	165	164	162	164
State W. House,.....	199	199	201	199	199	199
Forks of Elk Horn,.....	73	73	73	73	73	73
Peak's Mill,.....	176	176	176	176	176	176
Bridgeport,.....	108	108	108	108	108	108
Bald Knob,.....	115	115	115	115	115	115
	834	836	838	836	835	836

COUNTY OFFICERS.
County Judge, J. S. Constable.

Precincts.	R. H. King.	F. China.	U. V. Williams.	J. W. Prewitt.	T. J. Hinchelton.	Geo. C. Hughes.
Court House,.....	141	22	145	20	145	20
State W. House,.....	155	71	191	28	155	28
Forks of Elk Horn,.....	55	143	101	153	55	143
Peak's Mill,.....	145	60	145	60	145	60
Bridgeport,.....	75	165	181	105	75	165
Bald Knob,.....	80	183	105	105	80	183
	651	654	181	329	45	153

For Constable.

Precincts.	J. T. Graham.	F. Bacon.	J. M. Crockett.	R. L. Cunningham.	W. B. Crutcher.	Laurence Gordon.	R. Peyton.
Peak's Mill,.....	146	42	146	42	146	42	146
Bridgeport,.....	108	108	108	108	108	108	108
Bald Knob,.....	115	115	115	115	115	115	115
	146	42	146	42	146	42	146

MAJORS.
Frankfort District—Edgar Keenon.
Forks of Elk Horn District—Robert Wilson.
Peak's Mill District—William E. Arnold.
Bridgeport District—T. C. Neat.
Bald Knob District—J. T. Gaines.

BATH AND POWELL.

Mr. STEPHENS, May 6, 1861.

J. W. WHITE, Esq.—I hasten to give you the vote of Bath, which produced much joy here:

For the Union ticket,..... 1,324

One hundred and seventy-six voted for Constable, who did not vote for Border ticket.

Our vote will be in the neighborhood of 650.

Powell overwhelmingly Union.

Yours, &c., J. S. DURY.

FAYETTE COUNTY.—The following is the official vote of Fayette county:

Union Ticket, State's Right, Not Voting.

1st District,.....	141	11	5
2d District,.....	101	00	1
3d District,.....	120	00	0
4th District,.....	187	00	1
5th District,.....	70	00	2
6th District,.....	90	00	5
7th District,.....	415	00	81
8th District,.....	165	00	64
	1389	11	159

We have additional returns from Hardin county. As far as heard from the Union ticket is 1,749, leaving four more precincts to hear from, which will greatly increase the Union majority. So far the opposition polled 106 votes. This is the largest vote polled in Hardin for years.

HURBAN FOR BIG CLIFFY.—The vote at the Big Clifty precinct, in Grayson county—the home of Anderson Gray—is as follows:
For Border State Convention,..... 180
For Secession,..... 1

JESSAMINE.—This county has nobly responded to the call of patriotism and duty. She gave the Union ticket 866 votes on Saturday. At the last Presidential election she gave an aggregate vote of 1199.

In Warren county the vote polled for the Union ticket is 1,904, and against it 15. This is a large vote for Warren, larger by 290 than was anticipated.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY.—Old Christian gives 1,300 votes for the Union. She cast exactly 1,833 at the last Presidential election. She is a good Christian.

MCHENRY COUNTY.—The vote in this county for the Union ticket is 1,300. The county gave 1,319 votes only at the late Presidential election. That will do.

Grayson county gives an even thousand votes for the Union. The Presidential vote was 1,103. Bully.

BOURBON.—This county gives about 1,100 votes for the Union ticket. At the last election her aggregate vote was 1,750.

THE VOTE OF BRACKEN AND MASON.—Mason, 2,230; Bracken, 1,768; Fleming, about 1,600.

NICHOLAS.—Old Nicholas gave 1,079 votes for the Union ticket. That majority is large enough to break down a common Sled.

Greenup county votes almost unanimously for the Union ticket giving it not less than 1,500 votes.

Letter from Green County.

GREENSBURG, Ky., May 4th, 1861.

Editor Commonwealth.

The polls are closed, and from reliable reports from all the voting places, this county has given for the Union ticket a majority of about 150 or 200 of all the votes of the county. Well done for old Green with her disunion representative. A desperate and dirty effort was made to deceive the people, by inducing them to believe that there was no election; that the candidates had all been withdrawn, which prevented many from voting. Green is sound to the core; not more than 200 disunionists in the county if that many, out of about 1,200 voters.

This county is ready to resist, by force, any coercive movement to drag the State out of the Union against the wishes of a majority of the people. GREEN.

The Vote of Fleming, and also a word of Advice.

FLEMINGSBURG, Ky., May 7th, 1861.

Editor Commonwealth: The following is the official vote of Fleming county:

	Whole 'n' can vote cast, dates.
Flemingsburg,.....	217
Hillsborough,.....	277
Poplar Plains,.....	203
Plummers Mill,.....	91
St. Camel,.....	176
Centerville,.....	223
Elizaville,.....	124
Tilton,.....	159
Sherburn,.....	137
	1,707

Our Representatives, H. B. Bolyns and H. G. Burns, will please hear the voice of their constituents, and govern themselves accordingly. It is not the voice of faction or of party, but that of intelligent freemen, many of whom contributed to their election. The people have the right to command, will their public servants obey?
Yours, W. F. TRIMBLE

Letter from Green County.

GREENSBURG, Ky., May 4, 1861.

Mr. Editor: Green county gives for the Union ticket eight hundred and seventy-five votes, which, according to the assessor's book, is fifty more than two-thirds of the whole vote of the county.

Our representative, who was elected two years since, and has lately turned secessionist, ran, without opposition, and received only 757 votes, and had he been half so well known then as now would have scarcely gotten a vote. UNION.

At Litchfield precinct, Grayson county, the Union ticket received 343 votes and the opposition 7. The majority in the county for the Union ticket will be about 1,000 votes.

In Monroe county both the Union and disunion tickets were run—the Union ticket receiving about 1,000 votes and the opposition about 25.

MAISON COUNTY.—We understand that the Crittenden Commissioners received 1,625 votes in Marion county. The several candidates for President, in November, received 1,660.

In Lincoln county the Union ticket received 1,100, and there is not over two hundred secession votes in Lincoln county.

TOTD COUNTY.—The vote in this county is 800 for the Union. I gave only 1,177 votes for all the late Presidential candidates.

Secc county gives 757 votes for the Union.

DESTRUCTIVE HURRICANE IN TENNESSEE.—On Saturday evening last, Dyer county, Tennessee, was visited by one of the most destructive hurricanes known in the history of Tennessee. The hurricane extended through the entire county, from south to north, in some places fifteen miles in width—prostrating houses and everything before it. The damage to property is immense, and as far as ascertained five persons had been killed. It was almost impossible to travel from the blocking up of the roads by the fallen timber.

TRY REGISTER.—The Try Register for 1860, just published, is upon our table. This valuable work to turfmen is compiled by Edward E. Jones, Esq., editor of the old "Spirit of the Times," and may be relied upon as authentic and in all particulars correct. It contains an accurate record of all the performances upon the American turf during the past year, and therefore forms a work of reference of inestimable value to the breeders of blooded stock.

Positive information is said to have been received in Washington, notwithstanding the injunction of secrecy in regard to the vote, that the vote on the Secession Ordinance in the Virginia Convention stood 88 years, 53 days.

We are requested to announce JAMES H. GARRARD, the present Treasurer, a candidate for re-election at the next August election. feb15 w&tw

The secessionists say that the vote of last Saturday was a "fraud." It will prove worse than a fraud to them. It was an exterminator.

We are indebted to Mr. H. L. Goodwin for an excellent photograph likeness of Hon. John J. Crittenden. Mr. Goodwin's gallery is on Main street.

THANKS.—We are indebted to Tom Hally, the accommodating Omnibus agent on the F. & L. R. R., for Cincinnati papers.

The Arkansas Convention met the 6th inst., and it is reported, passed an ordinance of secession by a vote of 69 to 1.

RENEWED HATS.—Another new and elegant style of Soft Hat. KEENON & GIBBONS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPRING OF 1861.

Bargains! Bargains!!
NEW GOODS.

T. S. & J. R. PAGE

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR USUAL ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

We offer, on account of the times, great inducements in prices and styles.

Bleached Muslins, full yard wide, 12½c.

do do do do 8½ 10c.

Heavy 10-1, 11-1, and 12-4 bleached Shirtings;

Linen Shirtings;

Pillow-slip and Irish Linens;

Heavy Plaid Cottons;

Heavy Cottonades;

Lawn; Organzies;

Black Challi and Alpaca;

Striped Mozambique;

Plain and Twisted English Barege;

Chasurries.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Hosiery and Gloves; Lace and embroidered Col-

lars, and Laces of all kinds.

A large and beautiful assortment of Glass and

Queensware, cheap for cash.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

In Fancy Silks—10 per cent. below cost to close out

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES;

HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS.

Call and examine for yourselves, and you will

have no need to visit cost houses for this season.

We are determined not to be undersold.

Heavy Brown Cottons always at 10 cents.

ap3 3m. T. S. & J. R. PAGE.

EDGAR KEENON..... J. L. GIBBONS.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS.

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON & GIBBONS.

DEALERS IN

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Bools.

UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.

MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.

feb27 w&tw

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH

DESPERATE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE,

FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned,

now seventy-five years old, has for years

devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the

poor in New York of these dreadful complaints,

which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely

grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who

have applied to him for relief, and believing it to

be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as

well as at home, he will send to those who require

